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St. James's, Auguſt 27.

THIS Day the following Addreſs of the Univerſity of Oxford was preſented to His Majeſty by the Rev. Dr. Browne, Provoſt of Queen's College, Vice-Chancellor; accompanied by the Earl of Litchfield their High Steward; and above One Hundred Doctors in the ſeveral Faculties, and Maſters of Arts; amongſt whom were his Grace the Lord Arch-Biſhop of Canterbury; Earl Talbot, Lord Steward of His Majeſty's Houſehold; Earl of Egremont, and the Right Honourable George Grenville, Eſq; His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State; Earl of Northampton; Earl of Angleſey; Earl of Bath; Lord James Manners; Lord Edward Bentinck; Lord Viſcount Stormont; Lord Willoughby de Broke; Honourable Mr. Fitzmaurice; Honourable and Reverend Dr. Barrington; Sir John Shaw, Bart.; Sir Richard Glynn, Bart.; Sir Francis Blake Delaval, Knight of the Bath; General Guyſe; and ſeveral other Perſons of Diſtinction.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt faithful and loyal Subjects, the Chancellor, Maſters and Scholars of your Univerſity of Oxford, humbly beg Leave to felicitate your Majeſty on the ſafe Delivery of the Queen, and the happy Birth of a Prince, Heir Apparent to the Imperial Crown of theſe Realms; an Event, which hath hitherto been the Object of our moſt ardent Wiſhes, and affords us at preſent a moſt deſirable Occaſion of unfeigned Congratulations.

The Intereſts of Prince and People are ſo intimately and inſeparably connected with each other, that every Increaſe of the Sovereign's publick or private Felicity muſt neceſſarily bring along with it an Acceſſion of Happineſs and Proſperity to the Subject. Permit us then, Dread Sir, to indulge ourſelves in the pleaſing Proſpect of a numerous Royal Progeny; and that the many and great Bleſſings, which we owe, next under God, to your Majeſty's moſt auſpicious Government, will, by the Protection of Providence over a long Race of Illuſtrious Princes to come, be tranſmitted down ſecure to the remoteſt Period of Time.

Under a lively and grateful Senſe of ſuch ineſtimable Benefits, we ſhall never ceaſe to offer up our hearty Thanks, and earneſt Prayers to Heaven, that the Royal Infant may long live and enjoy the inexpreſſible Advantages of Parental Precepts and Example; and, in a due Courſe of Years, may ſucceed to the Throne of His Anceſtors; exhibiting from thence to Poſterity a ſhining Pattern of all thoſe amiable Virtues, which, in your Majeſty's Royal Perſon, add the higheſt Luſtre and Dignity to the Britiſh Diadem.

Given at our Houſe of Convocation this 23d Day of Auguſt, in the Year of our Lord, 1762.

To which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to return the following moſt gracious Anſwer.

THE Duty and Zeal expreſſed to Me, and My Family, in this very affectionate Addreſs, give Me entire Satisfaction; and I receive, with ſincere Pleaſure, your warm Congratulations upon an Event, in which My private Happineſs, the permanent Welfare of My People, and the Proſperity of My Kingdoms, are eſſentially and equally intereſted. The Univerſity of Oxford may be aſſured of the Continuance of My Protection, and Favour.

They were all received very graciouſly; had the Honour to kiſs His Majeſty's Hand; and were admitted to ſee the Prince.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Weſtmoreland, having been tranſmitted by Sir James Lowther, Bart. Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County, to the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary Grenville, has by him been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Weſtmoreland,

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE the Lord Lieutenant, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Weſtmoreland, humbly beg Leave to preſent our moſt unfeigned Congratulations to your Majeſty on the Birth of a Prince.

This moſt happy intereſting Event hath filled the Heart of every true Briton with the greateſt Exultations of Joy and Triumph.

A Prince, formed and educated under your Majeſty's Royal Dictates, flatters us with the pleaſing Hopes of having our Religion, Laws, and Liberties, inſured to the lateſt Poſterity, and fixed by that Steadineſs, which was obtained by the Revolution, confirmed by the Act of Settlement, and eſtabliſhed by the glorious Acceſſion of your Royal Anceſtors.

May thoſe tranſcendent Virtues ever adorn your Royal Offspring, that have ſhone ſo fair in the auſpicious Reign of your Majeſty's Conduct and Government, over a loyal and faithful People; and may Providence guard your Majeſty to theſe Kingdoms, by a Continuance of long Life and Proſperity, is the Prayer of,

Your Majeſty's moſt Faithful Subjects.

The following Addreſs of the Grand Jury, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Weſtmoreland, has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Grand Jury, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Weſtmoreland, aſſembled at the Aſſizes held for the ſaid County, on the 19th Day of Auguſt, 1762.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Grand Jury, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Weſtmoreland, at the Aſſizes aſſembled, with Hearts full of Duty and Affection, humbly beg Leave to offer our Congratulations on Her Majeſty's ſafe Delivery, and on the Birth of a Prince.

It is with the utmoſt Joy that we conſider this happy Event as a Security for the Continuance to lateſt

lateſt Poſterity, of the numerous Bleſſings enjoyed under your Majeſty's mild Adminiſtration.

Permit us, with unfeigned Sincerity, to aſſure your Majeſty, that it ſhall be our fervent and conſtant Prayer, That your Majeſty may long live to preſerve to us the preſent happy Eſtabliſhment in Church and State; and that it may ever be continued to us and our Poſterity by your Majeſty and your Royal Deſcendants.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs and Commonalty of the City of York, having been tranſmitted by the Honourable Robert Lane, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, to the Earl of Egremont, one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs and Commonalty of the City of York, in Common Council aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, and Commonalty of the City of York, beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty upon thoſe Subjects of univerſal Joy, the ſafe Delivery of the Queen, and the Birth of an Heir Apparent to your Majeſty's Crown.

Duty and Affection for your Majeſty, and Zeal for the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Illuſtrious Houſe, excited our warmeſt Wiſhes for this fortunate Event: And its happy Accompliſhment, on a Day ſo auſpicious to Britons, is a Circumſtance of additional Joy and Satisfaction to your People.

We cannot but anxiouſly deſire to tranſmit to Poſterity the Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's Government; and, next to the Continuance of your invaluable Life, nothing can be more favourable to our Views, than your Majeſty's being ſo early bleſſed with a Son, whoſe Royal Mind, under your Care and Guidance, will naturally be led to imitate his glorious Anceſtors, and to delight in employing Power for the Protection and Advancement of public Liberty.

May Heaven be ever propitious to your Majeſty, your Royal Conſort, and the Prince; and may the Increaſe of your Illuſtrious Family be ever attended with Increaſe of Happineſs to your Majeſty, and the Queen; and of Honour and Proſperity to your Crown and Kingdoms.

By the Lords Juſtices General and General Governors of Ireland,

A PROCLAMATION.

George Armagh, Jn. Ponſonby.

WHereas His Majeſty hath ſignified unto us His Royal Pleaſure, That the Parliament of this Kingdom, which now ſtands prorogued to the Twenty-fourth Day of this Inſtant Auguſt, be further prorogued to the Twenty-ſixth Day of April next; we do therefore publiſh and declare, That the ſaid Parliament be, and accordingly the ſaid Parliament is hereby further prorogued to the Twenty Sixth Day of April next; whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament, are to take Notice accordingly.

Given at His Majeſty's Caſtle of Dublin, the 19th Day of Auguſt, 1762.

By their Excellencies Command,

Tho. Waite.

GOD Save the KING.

Breſlau, Auguſt 13. We hear, that in the Night between the 7th and 8th, the Trenches were opened before Schweidnitz, by 4100 Travailleurs, at the Diſtance of about 660 Paces from the Glacis. The Beſieged having Notice of it by ſome Deſerters, began a moſt terrible Cannonade, in Spite of which however, the firſt Parallel was pretty well advanced before Day-break, with the Loſs only of one Officer and nine Men killed and wounded. The Enemy remained quiet till the 8th, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, when they ſallied out with about eight Battalions of Regular Troops, and 1000 Croats. They made a falſe Attack upon the Left, and afterwards fell upon the Right Flank; and, in the firſt Impetuoſity, routed the Battalion of Falkenhayn, made the Colonel, with ſome Officers, Priſoners, and killed and wounded about 100 Men: But however, upon Lieutenant General Tauenſin's ordering a few Battalions of Infantry immediately to advance with their Field Pieces, the Enemy were obliged to retire into the Town, without having been able to do any Damage to the Works.

It was reported, that the Auſtrian General Janini was wounded in this Attack. The Night between the 8th and 9th was ſpent in perfecting the Parallel with its Communications, and Five Batteries of Mortars, three of which began to play the ſame Night upon the Town. The Night betwixt the 9th and 10th was employed in conſtructing the Angle Saillant, which will contain two Batteries of 10 Cannon each, to be opened in the Night between the 10th and 11th.

It is ſuppoſed, that the Fortreſs of Schweidnitz is well provided with every Thing for a Siege; the Garriſon is as numerous as the Nature of the Place will admit; and the Commandant, before the Town was inveſted, had the Precaution to order ſuch of the Inhabitants as were not in a Condition to lay in a Store of Proviſions for their Subſiſtence, till the End of September next, to leave the Place forthwith.

The different Poſts occupied in the Mountains by the ſeveral Corps which form the King of Pruſſia's Camp, are as follow: General Glablentz is poſted at Hartmanſdorff, towards Landſhut; General Ramin at Waldenburg; General Manteuffel at Barſdorff; General Neuweidt upon the Hills oppoſite to the Eul Geburge; General Mollendorff at Barckerſdorff; Prince of Wurtenberg at Reichenbach; and the Gardes du Corps, with the greateſt Part of the Cavalry, form a Chain in the Plain from Frankenſtein to Kuntzendorff. The Head Quarters are in the Center at Dittmanſdorff.

Breſlau, Auguſt 17, The lateſt Accounts from before Schweidnitz are of the 14th. In the Night between the 13th and 14th, the ſecond Parallel was compleated, at the Diſtance of 300 Paces from the Fort; and nine Batteries are actually playing. The Fire from the Town is greatly diminiſhed, many of their Cannon having been diſmounted by the Fire from the Trenches. The Beſieged have made no Sortie worth Notice, ſince the 8th. 'Tis thought the Town will ſurrender in leſs than a Fortnight.

Breſlau, Auguſt 18. We have received Advice here of an Action between Part of the Auſtrian Army, and the Corps of the Prince of Bevern encamped at Guttmanſdorff near Reichenbach. The Prince of Bevern having been attacked on the 16th in the Afternoon, by 33 Battalions, and 18 Regiments of Cavalry, under the Command of the Auſtrian Generals Laudohn, O'Donel, and Beck, that Prince maintained his Ground with great Bravery, till the King of Pruſſia arrived in Perſon to his Aſſiſtance, with eight Battalions of Infantry, and a ſtrong Body of Cavalry, Dragoons, and Huſſars. His Pruſſian Majeſty immediately attacked the Enemy's Cavalry, and totally routed them: A great Number was killed, and upwards of 1500 made Priſoners. The Auſtrian Generals ſeeing, by the Defeat of the Cavalry, their Infantry expoſed to the greateſt Dangers, inſtantly gave Orders to deſiſt from the Attack, and retreated towards Silberberg.

It is ſaid, that in this Action Colonel Loſſow, at the Head of his own Regiment of Huſſars, that of Verner Huſſars, and Czetteritz Dragoons, attacked and routed eight Regiments of Auſtrian Cavalry, by which the reſt of that Corps were obliged to retire in great Confuſion. It is likewiſe reported, that Marſhal Daun was preſent in the Action.

Brunſwick,

Brunſwick, Auguſt 17. The French have evacuated Gottingen, after deſtroying the Works of that Place, and ſetting Fire to the Powder Magazine, by the Exploſion of which, 50 Saxons were killed, the Ramparts of the Town almoſt all blown up, and the Town itſelf conſiderably damaged.

As Prince Frederick of Brunſwick was juſt at this Time in the Neighbourhood of Eimbeck with his Corps, upon its Return from the Expedition it had made on the Werra, he immediately marched, on the Advice he had received from Gottingen; and it was thought he intended occupying the Town, till he could receive farther Orders from Prince Ferdinand.

Hamburgh, Auguſt 17. The 14th Inſtant, the Daniſh Troops in the Dutchy of Mecklenbourg Schwerin begun to evacuate that Country; and ſeveral Regiments have already repaſſed the Trave, and returned back into Holſtein. The Danes are employed in ſelling their Magazines; and we hear that there is to be a Reduction made in that Army.

The Reigning Duke of Mecklenbourg Schwerin is returned from hence to his Reſidence of Schwerin; and the Dutcheſs his Conſort will follow his Serene Highneſs in a few Days.

Hamburgh, Auguſt 20. The Ruſſians evacuated Colberg the 10th of this Month; and the Kingdom of Pruſſia on the 6th. The 16th there were not any Ruſſian Troops to remain either in Pruſſia, or Pomerania.

Hague, Auguſt 20. We hear, that notwithſtanding the Reports that the Trenches before Almeyda had been opened on the 25th paſt, it does not appear, by the Letters from Madrid of the 2d Inſtant, that they had, on the 28th of July, received any certain Advice of that Operation.

Thoſe Letters mention an Action, which does great Honour to His Britannick Majeſty's Ship Pallas, which had attacked, in the Road of Cadiz, two Spaniſh Chebecks, of 34 and 24 Guns, and obliged them, in Sight of the Town, to take Refuge under the Cannon of their Forts, with conſiderable Loſs.

The Ruſſians continuing to withdraw their Troops, Pomerania is already quite evacuated; and every Thing is conducted with great Order.

Hague, Auguſt 24. The French Army, under the Marſhals Soubiſe and D'Eſtrées, abandoned the Banks of the Fulda the 17th at Night, and marched away by their Right, in the Space which lies between Spangenberg and Lichtenau. The Army under Prince Ferdinand followed them on the 18th, and encamped at Homberg, where his Serene Highneſs's Head Quarters were the 19th in the Morning. The Hereditary Prince is ſo poſted, as to be able to join Prince Ferdinand: And the Prince of Condé has marched by his Right towards the Town of Fulda, with a view to cover the Retreat of the French Army. Munden is in the Hands of the Allies; and Caſſel was ſummoned on the 18th by Prince Frederick of Brunſwick. We are not yet informed, what Garriſon has been left in that Town, about which the Accounts differ widely.

The King of Pruſſia defeated General Laudohn on the 16th at Langen-Bielau. That General had been detached by Marſhal Daun to diſturb the Siege of Schweidnitz, with a Body of 30 Battalions, and a large Corps of Cavalry. If the Auſtrians do not find Means to prevent it, it is expected the Town will be taken in a few Days, as the ſecond Parallel was compleated within leſs than 300 Paces of the Glacis.

St. James's, Auguſt 27.

This Day his Excellency M. Boreel, Ambaſſador Extraordinary from the States General, had a private Audience of His Majeſty.

And afterwards M. Amſincke, Sindic, and M. Reake, Senator, had private Audiences of Leave of His Majeſty.

To which they were introduced by the Right Honourable George Grenville, Eſq; one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Stephen Cottrell, Eſq; Aſſiſtant Maſter of the Ceremonies.

Admiralty Office, Auguſt 28.

Captain St. John, of His Majeſty's Sloop the Hazard, gives an Account, in his Letter of the 7th Inſtant, off Zeeland, of his having, on the 15th, taken the Savage, a French Cutter Privateer, of four Swivel Guns and 15 Men, belonging to Dunkirk, which had been out four Days, and taken the Sloop Robert, John Hunt, Maſter, belonging to Ipſwich, which Captain St. John has retaken; but the Privateer being very leaky, he was obliged to ſink her.

Uppingham, Auguſt 21, 1762.

Notice is hereby given, that a General Meeting of His Majeſty's Lieutenancy of the County of Rutland, will be held at the Falcon Inn in Uppingham, on Monday the 6th Day of September next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, to conſider of and carry into Execution the Militia Laws, according to the Directions of an Act of Parliament in that Caſe lately made for raiſing the Militia within that Part of Great Britain called England.

Bramſton, *Clerk of the General Meetings.*

Navy Office, Auguſt 26, 1762.

The Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy give Notice, that all Bills regiſtered on the Courſe of the Navy in the Month of July 1761, *are in Courſe of Payment, near Half thereof in Money, and the Remainder in Exchequer Bills: And ſuch Perſons as are poſſeſſed of Bills, are deſired to bring them to this Office to be aſſigned on the Treaſurer of the Navy for Payment.*

Victualling Office, Auguſt 26, 1762.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling His Majeſty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that there are in the Hands of the Treaſurer of His Majeſty's Navy, Money and Exchequer Bills, for paying all Bills regiſtered on the Courſe of the Victualling for the Month of July 1761, *that the Proprietors, or ſuch Perſons as are legally empowered to receive the ſame, may bring them to this Office, upon which they will be ordered to be ſatisfied accordingly.*

N. B. The Intereſt on the Victualling Bills ceaſed Yeſterday, and the Intereſt on the Exchequer Bills commences this Day.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Ship Tweed, who were actually on board at taking the Duc d'Ayen Privateer, that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of the Hull and Bounty for ſaid Privateer, on board at Plymouth, the 6th of September next, or ſo ſoon as the Tweed ſhall arrive: And the Shares then remaining unpaid will be recalled the firſt Monday in every Month for three Years to come, at the Houſe of Mr. John Kerly, Fox Hole Plymouth.

John Kerly, *and* Philip Dumareſqe, *of Plymouth, Agents.*

Notice is hereby given to the Companies of His Majeſty's Ships the Bellona and Brilliant, who were actually on board at the taking of the Courrageux, a French Man of War, will be paid their reſpective Shares for the ſaid Ship, Cargo, and Bounty Money, at John and William Mayne's, in New Broad Street, Wedneſday the 1ſt *of September* 1762; *And the Shares remaining unpaid will be recalled at the Place aforeſaid, the firſt Wedneſday in every Month for three Years to come.*

John *and* Wm. Mayne, *of New Broad Street, Agents.*

EEward Burnell, Nephew to the late Mr. Davey, Ironmonger and Brafier, at the Key within Holborn Bars, London, begs Leave to inform his late Uncle's Cuſtomers, that he carries on the Buſineſs, and hopes for the Continuance of their Favours. N. B. All thoſe who have any Demands on the Eſtate of the late Mr. John Davey, are deſired to ſend in their Accounts to Mr. Burnell, Carpenter, in Fleet Street. And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Mr. Davey, are deſired forthwith to pay the ſame to Mr. Burnell, Executor to Mr. Davey.

ALL